



DoD Climate Assessment Tool

Marissa McInnis

**Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense
(Sustainment)**

November 2020



Agenda

- **What the Tool does**
- **How MILDEPs may use the Tool**
- **Additional background**
- **Questions**



What DoD Climate Assessment Tool Does

- **Calculates exposure to eight hazard areas**

Drought	Coastal Flooding	Riverine Flooding	Heat
Energy Demand	Wildfires	Land Degradation	Historical Extreme Weather

- **Includes historic exposure only (e.g., for hurricane and tornado tracks, ice jams)**
- **Aggregates exposure across the hazard areas through indicators and a “score”**



Two Time Periods + Two Climate Scenarios

- **Epoch: Time period of indicator data**

 - Future 1: 2035-2065, centered on 2050

 - Future 2: 2070-2100, centered on 2085

- **Climate Scenarios: Future climate scenarios according to emissions pathway**

 - Lower emissions

 - Higher emissions

- **Therefore user can choose:**

 - 2050 Lower, 2050 Higher, 2085 Lower, or 2085 Higher



CONUS and OCONUS Locations

- **157 CONUS, includes AK and HI**
 - Army - 50
 - Navy - 49
 - AF - 58

- **24 OCONUS locations (included in a later report)**

- **Additional locations in next round of exposure assessments**



How MILDEPS Can Use the Tool

- **Enables high-level screening of exposure**
- **Could inform Master Plans, Integrated Natural Resource Management Plans, Energy and Water Plans, etc. at the Installation Level**
- **MILDEPS initiating process to investigate application**



Additional Steps May Be Necessary

- **Tool calculates EXPOSURE, not VULNERABILITY**
- **GIS layers can be downloaded to installation GIS system for better planning functionality**
- **Coastal flood extent shown during extreme event storm**
- **Riverine flooding maps show future conditions with 2' and 3' additional freeboard, not projected changes in flooding from precipitation. May not be approach used by all Departments**



Observed Trends

- **Exposure increases over time**
- **Exposure in 2085 Lower scenario is similar to 2050 Higher scenario**
- **Higher aggregate scores for Southeast and Southwest**
- **Drought is dominant hazard, both for DoD and for each Department.**
- **Exposure to drought contributes to increase in wildfire exposure for Air Force installations.**
- **Rising temperatures will increase exposure to range of hazards that can directly impact military readiness**



Plan for Rollout and Implementation

- **Internal distribution of Report, MILDEP Reports, and Tool URL to MILDEPs (early Oct)**
- **Decide how/if to incorporate into Master Planning UFC**
- **Training (Now-February)**
- **RTC preparation for later in year**



Additional Background Information



8 Climate Hazards, Each with Multiple Indicators

CONUS Climate Hazard	Supporting Indicators
Drought	Flash drought frequency, drought year frequency, aridity, consecutive dry days, mean annual runoff ^{1, 3}
Coastal Flooding	Coastal flood extent, coastal erosion ²
Riverine Flooding	Riverine flood extent, flood magnification factor ^{1, 3} , maximum 1-day precipitation, maximum 5-day precipitation, extreme precipitation days
Heat	Days above 95°F, 5-day maximum temperature, high heat days, frost days, high Heat Index days ³
Energy Demand	Heating degree days, cooling degree days, 5-day minimum temperature, 5-day maximum temperature
Land Degradation	Fire season length, aridity, soil loss ^{1, 3} , coastal erosion, permafrost hazard
Wildfire	Fuel abundance ^{1, 2} , ignition rate ^{1, 3} , fire season length, flash drought frequency
Historical Extreme Conditions	Tornado frequency ^{1, 3} , hurricane wind > 50 knots ³ , hurricane maximum precipitation, hurricane frequency, ice storms ³ , historic drought frequency ³ , ice jams ³ , wildland urban interface ^{1, 3}



Weighted Order Weighted Average (WOWA) Exposure “Scores”

- Method to calculate exposure to a hazard that takes into account:
- How much each indicator affects the hazard (importance weights)
- How much of the exposure score is the result of large indicator values (rank weights)
- Provides score for each Hazard
- Allows all eight Hazard scores for a location to be summed to yield an overall Installation hazard exposure score
- Tool users can modify the weightings