

Cultural Resource Management in the Department of Defense





Maureen Sullivan Federal Preservation Officer

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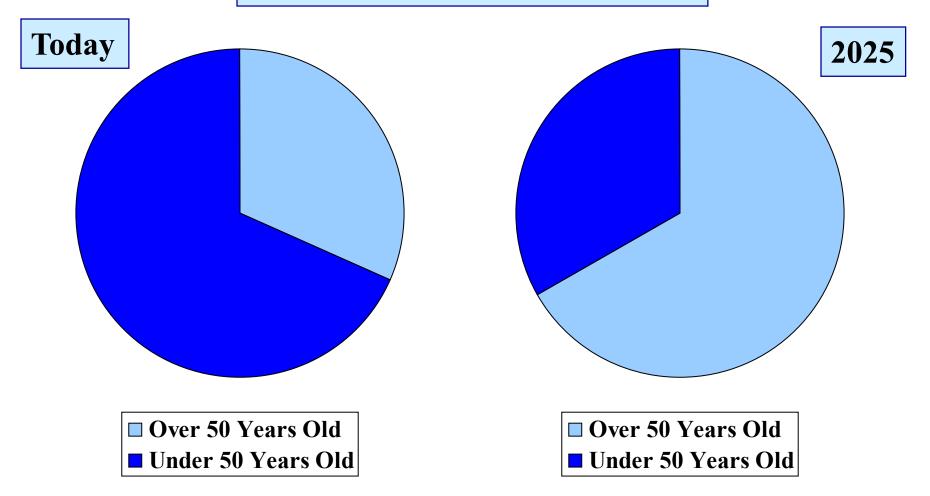






DoD Buildings & National Historic Preservation Act

344,950 Buildings in the DoD Inventory





Vision for the Future

- > DoD cultural resources are assets, connecting our fighting men and women with their proud history and traditions.
- We will continue to promote and interpret the resources under our care, both to inspire our personnel and to encourage and maintain the American public's support for its military.
- > DoD's cultural resources are mission supporting. The Department will continue to use and maintain Historic Properties as appropriate for their mission use.
- These Historic Properties broadly represent the full scope of history found on DoD installations.
- > These historic properties can be and are mission supporting assets. There is great potential for adaptive reuse.



Defense Installations Strategic Plan Cultural Resources

Maintain and preserve historic properties, archaeological resources, Native American, and other cultural assets as required by law and for the benefit of future generations.

- 50% of real property inventory records will accurately identify historic properties and their quality (2005).
- 100% of real property inventory records will accurately identify historic properties and their quality (2006).
- 100% of archaeological resources, Native American and other cultural assets will be accurately inventoried and quality ratings established in the real property inventories (2007).
- Develop standards to ensure that the possible presence of archaeological resources, Native American and other cultural assets are modeled, inventoried, and managed in close integration with project and operations planning (FY 2006).
- 100% of ICRMPs are completed or reviewed and updated annually as required by law and DoD policy (measure applies each fiscal year).
- 100% of ICRMPs will be current and implemented, in consultation and partnership with State Historic Preservation Officers and other appropriate consulting parties (FY 2008).

http://www.acq.osd.mil/ie/download/2004-disp.pdf



Federal Real Property Inventory

- Executive Order 13327, Federal Real Property Asset Management, February 2004
 - Policy Promote the efficient and economical use of real property assets
 - Requires each Federal Agency to report annually to General Service Administration all real property assets
- > Federal Real Property Council established 23 mandatory data elements
- ➤ Historical Status -- Land, buildings and structures (owned and leased) will have one of the following attributes
 - National Historic Landmark (NHL)
 - National Register Listed (NRL)
 - National Register Eligible (NRE)
 - Non-contributing element of NHL/NRL district
 - Not Evaluated
 - Evaluated, Not Historic

DoD's Fiscal Year 2006 submission to GSA will include Historical Status



Defense Installations Spatial Data Infrastructure

- DISDI Goal to provide a
 mechanism by which geospatial
 data stewarded at and by DoD
 installations can be shared with
 validated stakeholders to meet their
 critical installation visualization
 requirements
- Need to identify ways to more efficiently share DoD cultural resources data
- First Priority Archeology Sites



http://www.acq.osd.mil/ie/bei/disdi.htm



Federal Accounting Standards Advisory Board Heritage Assets Reporting

- ➤ FASAB issued Statement of Federal Financial Accounting Standards 29, Heritage Assets and Stewardship Land, July 7, 2005
- This document changes the requirements for Heritage Asset Reporting for all Federal Agencies
- ➤ Heritage Assets will be part of required, reportable information (no longer supplementary)
- ➤ Heritage Assets will be "auditable" in FY08 a paper trail must exist for each individual asset
- > FASAB has established a Work Group to develop guidance
 - Participants DoD, ACHP, Forest Service, Library of Congress, Interior (NPS & BLM), and GSA

http://www.fasab.gov/



Programmatic Alternatives

- > Develop a full suite of programmatic alternatives to case-by-case consultation, in consultation with stakeholders.
- **Begun work on four more Program Comments:**
 - 4,524 Cold War Era (1946-1974) Unaccompanied Personnel Housing (UPH) (barracks)
 - 29,162 World War II (WWII) and Cold War Era (1939-1974) ammunition storage facilities
 - Ammunition Manufacturing Plants (Army only)
 - Ships (Navy and other agencies)

Goal - Effective, streamlined compliance with the National Historic Preservation Act



Access to Information

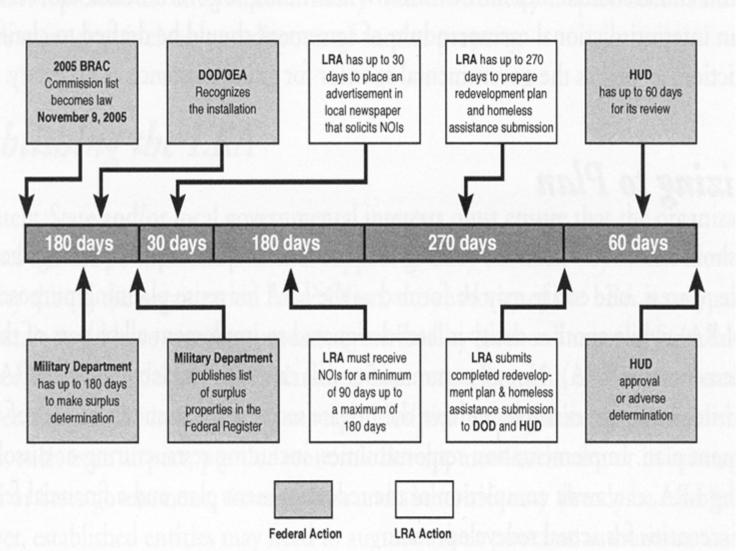
- ➤ We are developing a DoD Historic Preservation web pages:
 - First priority is DoD's National Historic Landmarks
 - Followed by Military Museums
- DoD's ability to play a role in Heritage Tourism initiatives maybe limited due to location, security concerns, and mission needs.
- Therefore, we intend to adopt innovative approaches to access to information as a means to create tourism opportunities, such as web-enabled access.







BRAC 2005 Planning Timeline



Real Property Disposal Process Other DoD **Identify Other** Transfer **Defense & Federal Needs** Federal Agency 6 Month **Remaining Property Declared Surplus** 3-6 Months LRA Identifies Homeless. Incorporate in **Local Government & Other** Base Reuse Plan **Eligible Interests Non-Profits** Convey **Public Entities Property Offered to Private Sector** Sell **General Public Public Bid Sale or Auction**



Cultural Resources at Major Closures

Two National Historic Landmarks

- Fort Monroe, VA
- Medical Museum Collection at Walter Reed Medical Center, DC (Major Realignment, the Collection is not moving)



Cultural Resources at Major Closures

• 12 Historic Districts

- Galena Forward Operating Location, Alaska
- Broadway Complex, San Diego, California (3)
- Walter Reed Medical Center, DC (Major Realignment)
- Fort Gillem, Georgia
- Fort McPherson, Georgia
- Selfridge Army Activity, Michigan
- Fort Monmouth, New Jersey
- Brooks City Base, Texas
- Fort Monroe, Virginia (2)
- 482 Historic Buildings Contributing Elements of a Historic District
- 76 Historic Buildings listed/eligible individually



Implementation – Historic Properties

Message to the Military Services & Installations

- Know what you have up to date and accurate inventory
- Know who your external stakeholders are who you are going to consult with
- Be part of the larger Installation BRAC implementation team – come to the table prepared
- Begin discussions with external stakeholders as soon as possible



BRAC Rulemaking Federal Register Notice

§174.19 Historic Preservation

- The Secretary concerned may include such restrictions or conditions (typically a real property interest in the form of a restrictive covenant or preservation easement) in any deed or lease conveying an interest in historic property to a non-Federal entity.
- Before including such a covenant or easement in a deed or lease, the Secretary concerned shall consider whether:
 - the jurisdiction that encompasses the property authorizes such a covenant or easement; and
 - the Secretary can give or assign to a third party the responsibility for monitoring and enforcing such a covenant or easement.

Final Rule published in the Federal Register on February 28, 2006



Base Redevelopment and Realignment Manual

- The Department has published the Base Redevelopment and Realignment Manual, DoD 4165.66-M, on March 1, 2006
- Historic Preservation and Cultural Resources are specifically addressed in Section C8.4 (starting on Page 101).
- Historic Properties and Cultural Resources are referenced appropriately through out the Manual.
- Re-enforces that we must comply with the law.

http://www.defenselink.mil/brac/pdf/4165-66-M BRRM.PDF



DoD Cultural Resources Program

- DoD's rich heritage is embodied in military history and traditions
- > Our Cultural Resources are the Nation's assets.
- We need to manage these assets to support the mission while preserving our Nation's heritage for future generations.

https://www.denix.osd.mil/denix/Public/Library/NCR/about.html



